

**Beat Drugs Fund  
2025/26 School Year “Healthy School Programme”  
Points-to-Note for Applicants**

Schools and organisations preparing to apply for the 2025/26 Healthy School Programme with a Drug Testing Component (HSP(DT)) are advised to read the following points-to-note as references for project planning.

**(I) Anti-drug Theme**

- According to the figures of the Central Registry of Drug abuse (CRDA)<sup>1</sup>, in the first three quarters of 2024, the most commonly abused drugs among drug abusers aged under 21 was cannabis, followed by cocaine. Since the first half of 2024, “space oil drug” has become the third most common type of drugs abused by young drug abusers aged under 21.
- Although there is no standard formula for “space oil drug”, it usually contains an anesthetic called etomidate, which can only be prescribed by a doctor according to the law. In addition to etomidate, “space oil drug” may also be mixed with other drugs, impurities, and harmful chemicals such as nicotine. As a measure to counter this trend of abuse, the Government will soon list etomidate as a dangerous drug under the Dangerous Drugs Ordinance.
- No member of our society can get away from the problem of emerging drugs. We must take action by working together so that our younger generation would not fall prey to this new drug. We must also strengthen education to prevent them from trying “space oil drug” out of curiosity, which could cost them their health and future.
- The situation of young people committing drug offences is also worrying. Among the young offenders aged under 21 who were sentenced to imprisonment for drug trafficking, more than half of them were sentenced to over five years in prison. We must help young people stay away from drugs, strengthen their sensitivity in relevant offences, and remind them that young age is not a valid mitigating factor, so as to prevent them from breaching the law inadvertently.
- Drug dealers are eyeing on the increasing popularity of dating apps, encrypted messaging, and online shopping, and making use of them to tempt young people to try drugs or to join related activities.
- With reference to the above latest drug situation, schools and organisations should incorporate the following themes when designing their activities :
  - ✧ **The harms of abusing “space oil drug”, cannabis and cocaine;**
  - ✧ **Serious consequences of committing drug offences, in particular young age is not a valid mitigating factor;**
  - ✧ **The importance of refusing drugs and involvement in drug offences as well as refusal skills both online and offline.**

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<sup>1</sup> Please visit the website for details : <https://www.nd.gov.hk/en/crda.html>

## (II) Programme Design

- HSP(DT) is a school-based anti-drug education programme comprising two major elements, diversified personal growth activities and students' voluntary participation in school drug testing. To encourage schools and organisations to make good use of **the free anti-drug education resources provided by the Government** for enriching the project contents, schools and organisations **must** implement the following two types of activities :
  - ✧ Arranging students to visit the Hong Kong Jockey Club Drug InfoCentre<sup>2</sup> located in Admiralty (at least once in a school year); and
  - ✧ Showing anti-drug cartoons, video clips or short films<sup>3</sup> on school campus (at least twice in a school year).
- Apart from students' participation, home-school co-operation is also crucial. Schools and families both have powerful impacts to the personal growth of young people. Parents and teachers are often the first line of defence against drug problem amongst youth. Hence, schools and organisations participating in HSP(DT) should **organise activities and trainings to school personnel and parents** to enrich their anti-drug knowledge. In particular, there is a need to help them support students to stay away from drugs and provide suitable assistance to students who encounters drug problems when necessary, as well as to cultivate a healthy and drug-free environment for students.

### Recommended activities

- ✧ Arranging parent-child anti-drug activities (e.g. workshops, visits, etc.);
  - ✧ Organising parental anti-drug talks/workshops; and
  - ✧ Organising anti-drug training courses for teachers by schools or arranging teachers to attend relevant training courses
- The Narcotics Division (ND) launched a brand-new anti-drug publicity to rally community support for combating drug abuse. This includes a pair of anti-drug ambassadors “Agent Don’t” and “Agent Hope”, an anti-drug logo with the slogan “Let’s Stand Firm. Knock Drugs Out!” (“一齊企硬 唔take嘢”)<sup>4</sup>. We strongly encourage schools and organisations to incorporate the above elements when designing the project.
  - Schools may incorporate the diversified school programmes into the existing school curriculum or other school activities, including incorporating the HSP(DT) activities into the overall time allocation of “Other Learning Experiences” for a more comprehensive and flexible school plan.

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<sup>2</sup> Please visit the Hong Kong Jockey Club Drug InfoCentre website <https://www.druginfocentre.hk/en/index.html> or call 2867 2935 for booking details.

<sup>3</sup> Please visit the Narcotics Division website for details : [https://www.nd.gov.hk/en/publicity\\_materials.html#](https://www.nd.gov.hk/en/publicity_materials.html#)

<sup>4</sup> Please visit the Narcotics Division website for details : [https://www.nd.gov.hk/en/knock\\_drugs\\_out.html](https://www.nd.gov.hk/en/knock_drugs_out.html)

### **(III) School Drug Testing**

- School Drug Test can help strengthen students' resolve to stay away from drugs, build an anti-drug culture in schools and enhance motivation of those in need to seek help.
- The personal data and testing results of any individual student obtained under HSP(DT) will not be passed to Police and other law enforcement agencies.
- Student who has been tested positive or who admitted drug abuse pursuant to HSP(DT) will **neither be prosecuted** for drug consumption **nor expelled** from school.
- Schools and organisations should strengthen the promotion of the school drug testing component of HSP(DT) to parents/guardians, students and other relevant parties through different means, so as to encourage students' participation in the drug testing.
- When planning the school drug testing, schools and organisations should refer to the "Reference Protocol for School Drug Testing" available on the HSP(DT) website<sup>5</sup>.
- The Government has all along been carefully studying and evaluating different testing methods for schools to adopt. The available testing methods are yet to include etomidate among the harmful psychotropic substances being tested for the time being. The Government will inform participating schools or organisations of the details in due course. Schools or organisations which have already been approved funding will not be required to submit fresh applications should the testing method for etomidate is added in future.

### **(IV) Other Points to Note**

- Applications will be vetted by the Beat Drugs Fund Association (BDFA), and the application results is expected to be announced before August 2024. Schools and organisations with successful application who accepted the grant shall implement the projects in accordance with the programme guidelines. Among others, the guidelines specify that schools and organisations shall comply with all laws and regulations applicable in Hong Kong when implementing the project. The guidelines also set out the procedures and requirements in respect of the accounting arrangement, financial control, quotation procedures, monitoring of funded projects, etc.
- In conducting procurement by using the grant from Beat Drugs Fund, schools and organisations should take into account their continuing duty to safeguard national security and not to engage in any acts or activities which endanger national security. The management of schools and organisations should exercise professional judgment, sensitivity and prudence in assessing any potential national security risks or issues that may be involved in every stage of the procurement. The duty for schools and organisations to safeguard national security is a continuing one that subsists throughout every stage of the entire procurement process, including the pre-contract award stage and the contract management stage after contract award. Schools and organisations shall ensure that each of their procurement documents incorporates

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<sup>5</sup> Please visit the Narcotics Division website for details : <https://www.nd.gov.hk/en/HSP.html>

specific clauses to disqualify tenderers and to terminate the contract made pursuant to the procurement in the interest of national security.

- BDFA may immediately terminate the project upon the occurrence of any of the following events :
  - ✧ the school or organisation has engaged or is engaging in any act or activity that constitutes or causes, or is likely to constitute or cause, the occurrence of offences endangering national security or that would otherwise be contrary to the interest of national security;
  - ✧ the continued implementation of the project is contrary to the interest of national security; or
  - ✧ BDFA reasonably believes that any of the events mentioned above is about to occur.
- Schools should observe relevant circulars and guidelines promulgated by the Education Bureau.

**Beat Drugs Fund Secretariat**  
**January 2025**