

Healthy LGBT Community (BDF150012)

1/6/2016-31/3/2018

The Boys' and Girls' Clubs Association of Hong Kong



Project Content

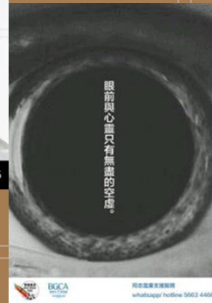
- Counselling Services
- Support and Education Groups



Project Content

Online Prevention Resources

- Drug Prevention Short movies
- Drug Prevention Posters



Project Content

- Professional Training on working with drug dependent gay and lesbian youths
- Research on on Drug Taking Behaviors of LGBT People
- Resources Kit



Output and Outcome Evaluation

- Case record / Activity record
- Reports from social media channels
- Pre- and/or post-test survey (including BDF Question Set No. 5, 13 & 16, Quick Inventory of depressive symptomatology and tailor-made questionnaires)

Output Benchmarks & Evaluation Results

	Expected Result	Achieved Result
Output Indicator 1	25 drug dependent gay and lesbian youths receive counselling service, serving a total of 150 man-times	27 (108%) drug dependent gay and lesbian youths receive counselling service, serving a total of 187 (125%) man-times
Output Indicator 2	80 gay and lesbian youths attend support and education group (10 youths x 8 groups x 6 sessions = 480 man-times)	95 (119%) gay and lesbian youths attend support and education group, serving a total of 506 (105%) man-times

Output Benchmarks & Evaluation Results

	Expected Result	Achieved Result
Output Indicator 3	(a) 3,000 hit rate for 2 drug prevention short movies (b) 6 posters made, each has 1,000 views on the web	(a) 330,909 hit rate for 2 drug prevention short movies (11,030%) (b) 6 posters made, Poster 1: 2,656 views (266%) Poster 2: 5,592 views (559%) Poster 3: 2,144 views (214%) Poster 4: 4,935 views (494%) Poster 5: 1,288 views (129%) Poster 6: 2,605 views (261%)

Output Benchmarks & Evaluation Results

	Expected Result	Achieved Result
Output Indicator 4	150 social workers, teachers and HIV prevention programme workers attend professional training on working with drug dependent gay and lesbian youths	180 (120%) social workers, teachers and HIV prevention programme workers attend professional training on working with drug dependent gay and lesbian youths

Outcome Benchmarks & Evaluation Results

	Expected Result	Achieved Result
Outcome Indicator 1	<p>70% of drug dependent LGBT clients show improvement in their quitting motivation</p> <p>(or significant improvement as indicated by paired t-test)</p>	<p>25 valid case evaluated</p> <p>76% of drug dependent LGBT clients show improvement in their quitting motivation</p>
Outcome Indicator 2	<p>50% of the drug dependent LGBT clients reduce drug use after completion of treatment</p>	<p>25 valid cases evaluated, among which 22 cases indicated drug use in pre-test while 3 cases indicated no drug use in pre-test.</p> <p>Among the 22 cases indicated drug use in pre-test, 77% reduce drug use after completion of treatment. For the 3 cases indicated no drug use in pre-test, 67% of them avoided relapse</p>

Outcome Benchmarks & Evaluation Results

	Expected Result	Achieved Result
Outcome Indicator 3	<p>60% of drug dependent LGBT clients show improvement in their depressive symptoms</p> <p>(or significant improvement as indicated by paired t-test)</p>	<p>25 valid case evaluated</p> <p>80% of drug dependent LGBT clients show improvement in their depressive symptoms</p>
Outcome Indicator 4	<p>80% of participants increase their perceived risk associated with drug abuse</p> <p>(or significant improvement as indicated by paired t-test)</p>	<p>92 valid case evaluated</p> <p>87% of participants increase their perceived risk associated with drug abuse</p>

Outcome Benchmarks & Evaluation Results

	Expected Result	Achieved Result
Outcome Indicator 5	80% of participants improve their capacity for supporting drug abusing LGBT clients	180 valid questionnaires evaluated 95.6% of participants improve their capacity for supporting drug abusing LGBT clients

Experience Gained

- Research finding indicates that the prevalence of ChemSex is alarming among gay men.
- There is an urgent need to develop a service model for gay men struggling with chemsex. Multidisciplinary collaboration among medical professionals, social workers and academia would facilitate formation of an appropriate treatment services catering the special needs of LGBT community

