

Introduction

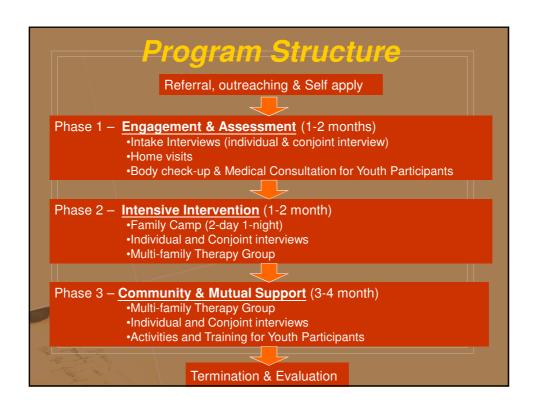
- Sponsored by: Beat Drugs Fund
- Duration: 2 years (Mar 2011 Feb 2013)
- Targets: 72 Young drug abusers and 60 parents
- Age: 10-24 year-old
- Territory-wide

Objectives

- 1. To reduce youth drug taking behaviours;
- To alter family interactions, communications and relationship patterns maintaining youth drug taking behaviours;
- To help the youth to improve their psychosocial functioning during the rehabilitation process.

Theoretical Framework

- Structural Family Therapy has been one of the most widely applied and systematically evaluated in adolescent drug abuse (Sim & Wong, 2008; Miller et al.,2000).
- Multiple Family Therapy is applied in different settings including drug and alcoholic abusers and their families. (Schafer, 2008; Asen, 2002; Kaufman & Kaufmann, 1992).

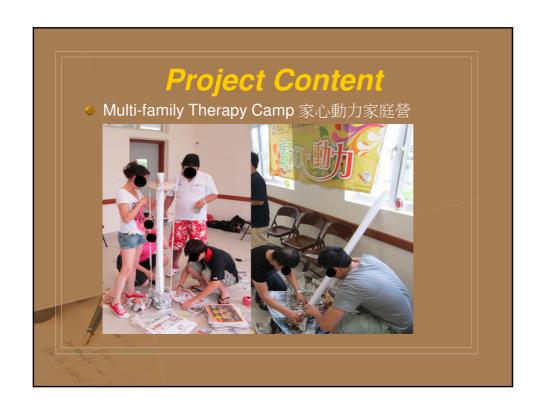








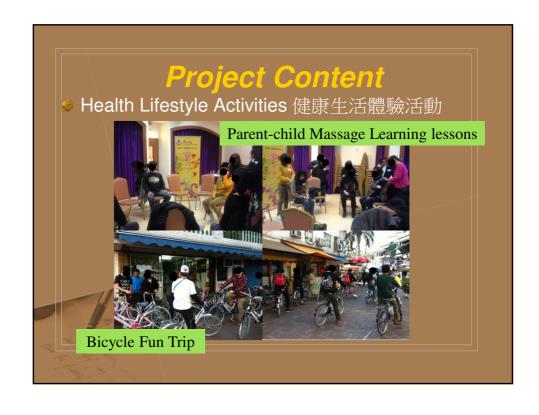






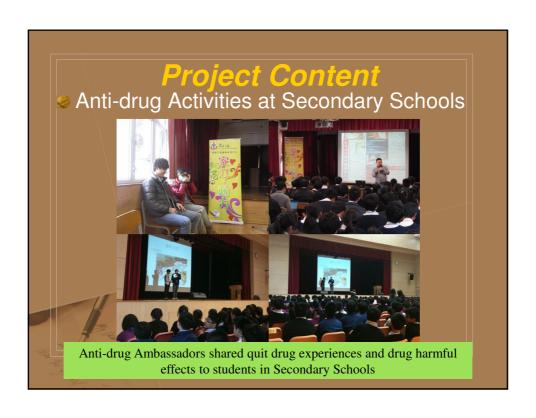












Out	put and Outcome	Evalu	ıatio
Output Indicator	Benchmarks	Target Population	Results
1	72 participants joint the project	Young drug abusers	88
2	70% of participants completed the camp and attend at least 5 follow up counselling sessions	Young drug abusers	76.1%
3	60 parents joint the parent group (Multi-family Group)	Parents	64
4	70% of parents completed 4 out of 6 sessions in parent group (Multi-family Group)	Parents	71.9%
5	12 anti-drug ambassadors recruited	Ex-drug users	12
6	Each anti-drug ambassador has participated in at least 2 anti-drug programs	Ex-drug users	24 programs
7	organized anti-drug programs to 20 secondary schools for 1200 secondary students	Secondary school students	24 schools (1363 students)

Output and Outcome Evaluation

Outcome Indicator	Benchmarks	Evaluation Method Used	Results (%)
1	Participant's attitude towards drug abuse (70% show improvement)	Drug Use Disorders Identification Test -Positive responses (pre- & post-test)	78% show improvement
2	Participant's drug use frequency (70% show improvement)	Evaluation Question Set No. 7 (pre- & post-test)	78% show improvement
3	Parenting skills (70% show improvement)	Parenting Sense of Competence scale (PSOC) (pre- and post-test)	81% show improvement
4	Perceived parent-child relationship (70% indicate positive change)	Chinese Family Assessment Instrument (pre- and post- test)	75% show positive change
5	Secondary student's drug knowledge (70% show improvement)	7-item questionnaire	79% show improvement

Experience Gained

What were the most useful for clients? Multi-family Therapy Groups (MFTGs):

- Creating solidarity: All families are in the same boat;
- Mutual supports: families and families; parents and young addicts
- The session theme, basing on the Structural Family Therapy, could facilitate the group discussion on drug treatment
- Parents take more responsibility to support their children to quit drugs.

Experience Gained

What were the most useful for clients?

Intensive interview & home visits:

- Engaging family members and;
- Providing comprehensive assessment and crisis intervention

Healthy activities with parents' participation:

Enhancing parent-child relationship;
Beneficial for improving both parents and children's psychosocial functioning

Conclusion

- A good start of application and practice study on family & community-based intervention with young drug abusers by using Structural Family Therapy & Multifamily Therapy approaches in HK.
- Resources exist in MFTGs and are useful for treating young drug abusers.

