

Introduction

Life Education Activity Programme (LEAP)

- Provides sequential preventive education programmes for students aged 5-15
- Helps students develop healthy and drug-free lifestyle

Introduction LEAP's Secondary Programme Skill-based Interactive Age appropriate Knowledge

Project Objectives

To help students...

- Understand more about the physical, social and legal consequences of drug use;
- Develop essential skills in assessing risks, making decisions and refusing drugs;
- Establish correct value and self worth.

Project Content

 Stage 1 – Production of programme materials (animations, videos)



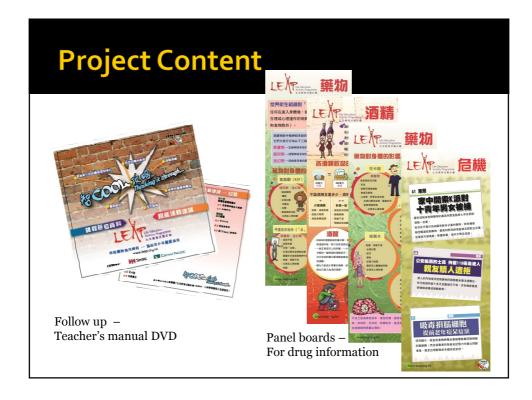
Project Content



Brochures – Programme information



Souvenirs – A4 files with anti-drug messages



Project Content

- Stage 2 Pilot tests and programme revision
- →Team-teaching
- →Peer observation/evaluation
- →Comments from students and teachers
- → Revision of programme activities

Project Content

Stage 3 – Facilitation of updated programme



Watching drug animations





Facilitation of updated programme





Group discussions

Facilitation of updated programme





Role-plays



Output Evaluation

- Attendance records signed by teachers
- Target: 700 class-based workshops for 25,000 students

Output Evaluation

	No. of classes	No. of students
Academic Year 2010-11	483	15,645
Academic Year 2011-12	381	12,372
Total (Actual/Targeted)	864/700	28,017/25,000

Outcome Evaluation

- Pre-test (13 items) & Post-test (14 items)
- Students indicate whether they agree to the items on a 5-point scale.
 (1 = strongly disagree, 5 = strongly agree)
- Sample size: 217 students



Outcome Evaluation

Indicator 1: Drug knowledge

Whether participants show improvement in drug knowledge after programme

Pre- & Post- test (6 items)

- 吸食毒品會損害記憶力及判斷力。
- 吸食某些毒品可能引發精神病。
- 毒品中經常混入雜質・引致更嚴重的損害。
- 我認為大部分青少年沒有吸食危害精神毒品。
- 我認識與藥物有關的風險及潛在危機。
- 我清楚了解與藥物有關的法律責任。

Outcome Evaluation

Indicator 2: Attitude towards drug use

Whether participants become more conservative towards drug use after programme

Pre- & Post- test (7 items)

- 如果我吸毒,我的健康會受到嚴重影響。
- 吸食危害精神毒品容易使人上癮。
- 偶然吸食毒品對身心的影響不大。
- 假若面對朋友的慫恿,我有信心拒絕吸毒的引誘。
- 吸毒純屬個人選擇,並不會對他人造成影響。
- 假若我吸毒·我有能力控制對毒品的渴求。
- 吸毒可以幫助我抒緩情緒,拋開煩惱。

Outcome Evaluation

Indicator 3: Refusal skills

Whether participants master different refusal skills after programme

Post-test (1 item)

• 我認識不同的拒絕方法,向毒品說不。

Outcome Evaluation

Outcome Indicator	Benchmark	Result
1	80% of participants showed improvement in drug knowledge <u>OR</u> statistical significance was found using paired t-test	Statistical significance was found
2	80% of participants became more conservative towards drug use <u>OR</u> statistical significance was found using paired t-test	Statistical significance was found
3	80% of participants showed mastery of refusal skills	92.2% showed mastery

Other Evaluation Tools

STUDENTS' EVALUATION FORMS

- 4-point scale
- Programme effectiveness
- Teaching activities
- Usefulness (open-ended)



TEACHERS' EVALUATION FORMS

- 6-point scale
- Programme effectiveness
- Overall mode of delivery
- Usefulness (open-ended)
- Suggestions (open-ended)

Comments from Students (F.3)

可以認識到藥物對身體的壞處,更重要是知道怎樣保護自己。

東華三院伍若瑜夫人紀念中學

- 片段中的拒絕方法幽默但又能拒絕別人,真的符合現今世代的年輕人使用,不會太死板順德聯誼總會胡兆熾中學
- 若別人叫我去食毒品時,我懂得怎樣有「型」地拒絕,讚好!

景嶺書院

Comments from Students (F.3)

- 了解藥物的風險,提醒自己要小心結識朋友,不要因面子問題就相信別人的話。 中華基金中學
- 了解更多的藥物危險性及懂得自我愛護及懂得自身的安全。 *聖母院書院*
- 深入了解藥不可亂吃,一旦走錯了一步,步步輸。 玫瑰崗學校(中學部)

Reasons behind Success

- Interactive approach (class-based programme)
 - ② 好好玩,好有意思。 *聖公會蔡公譜中學*
 - ② 能從多方面或利用多種方法解釋藥物對身體的影響。 *東涌天主教中學*
 - ②很少講座有互動遊戲·今次課程能讓我增加對藥物的認識。 *英皇書院*
- Up-to-date trigger videos

Reasons behind Success

- Flexibility (suiting needs of different students)
- Long term support from schools 這是一個很有意思的課程,內容不但帶出濫藥的成因及影響, 最重要能夠讓學生反思生命的價值,與一般的禁毒課程有很大 的差異。

寶覺中學 姚老師

Difficulties Encountered

- Reduced awareness of drug abuse prevention among schools
- Competitions with other NGOs (e.g. mass talk)
- Getting connected with schools that are new to LEAP

Lessons Learnt

- Prevention is essential for all students, not just so-called the "high-risk" ones.
- Student-centred delivery is a must for the programme to be impressive and effective.
- Stay true to LEAP philosophy, which regards knowledge, skill and attitude as equally important.

Conclusion

- Interactive class-based approach is highly regarded by both teachers and students.
- Constant adjustment and modification is needed to catch up with the drug trend.
- More resources are needed to sustain the impetus for drug prevention.